Is the market ready for the adoption of alkali-activated cements?

Jannie S.J. Van Deventer







Portland Cement Production

Quarried Limestone



Rotary Cement Kiln









Storage



Some facts about Cement

- Cement manufacture makes up 5-8% of all CO₂ (3rd highest)
- Second most used material next to WATER
- 1 ton of CO₂ per 1 ton of cement
- Market to double to 2050



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Cement value chain

- Ownership of limestone assets and permits
- Limestone is available everywhere
- High sunken capital in clinker kilns
- Operating margins relatively high in clinker production and grinding
- Control over supply chain and logistics
- Ownership of sand and aggregate quarries
- Margins relatively low in pre-mixed concrete
- Margins slightly better in precast and concrete placement.



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Alkali-Activated Cement: A Simplified View



Metallurgical Slags



Fly Ash



Natural Pozzolans





Binder for Concrete

Alkali-Activated Cement Production

Metallurgical Slags

Alkali Activator



Fly Ash

Grinding



Storage







History of Alkali-Activation

- Romans used alkali-activated concrete (AAC).
- 1940s Idea of AAC re-emerged (Purdon).
- Late 1950s Glukhovsky in Kiev developed alkaliactivated binders, followed by Krivenko, who constructed slag AAC structures and a high rise building in Russia in the 1960s.
- Davidovits coined term geopolymer in the 1970s.
- Van Deventer made first geopolymer early 1993.
- Today many universities do some geopolymer research, but still little commercial activity.



Drivers for /Obstacles to AAC adoption

- Relative cost of ash/slag
- Waste utilisation
- Cost of activators
- Technical properties
- Customer focus on low CO₂
- Control over the supply chain
- Standards based on OPC
- Questions on durability
- Engineering design methods
- Long track record of OPC
- Desire to innovate

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Driver/Obstacle Driver **Obstacle Partial driver** Main driver **Driver**/Obstacle Obstacle **Obstacle** Obstacle Obstacle Driver



Jannie van Deventer – CEO Zeobond Pty Ltd

Role of Research in Market Adoption



Market Acceptance and Regulatory Approval



Study of material and engineering properties

Project Delivery

Quality control and project management

Concrete Demonstration

Show that product can meet basic application requirements

Regulatory Support

Engage with local and international authorities on standards and test methods

Construction Market Entry

External party engagement

Sales and Marketing

Build interest and confidence with customers, concrete users, developers and architects

Durability Classes- Chloride Permeability



Baroghel-Bouny V.. 'Conception des bétons pour une durée de vie donnée des ouvrages, Maîtrise de la durabilité vis-à-vis de la corrosion des armatures et de l'alcali réaction, Etat de l'art et Guide pour la mise en œuvre d'une approche performantielle et prédictive sur la base d'indicateurs de durabilité', 2004.





Australian, European, US Standards



E Crete rom the Ground Up'





Footpaths



Footpath, Westgate Freeway, Melbourne







E Crete recast Panels



Thomastown Recreational & Aquatic Centre, Melbourne, Australia



E Crete recast Products



- Manholes, Lids, Bases
- **Box Culverts**
- Septic Tanks
- Floor toppings
- Anti-graffiti panels and Sound-barriers

Greencast



Salmon Street, Port Melbourne, Bridge Decks







Swan Street Bridge formwork pour – 17 Sept 09







Scope: 40MPa Retaining Wall **Location:** Swan St Bridge, Richmond, Melbourne, Australia **Date:**2009







Scope: 40MPa – 33 Structural Beams (10.8m by 2.4m by 9.6m) Suspended Floor in 5 storey building at University of Queensland, Australia



Scope: 40MPa Precast Panels – Exposed Aggregate Finish Location: Melton, Melbourne, Australia Date: 2012







Scope: 40MPa Precast Panels – Exposed Aggregate Finish Location: Melton, Melbourne, Australia Date: 2012



Regional Rail Link project, Melbourne









Zeobond's Licensee for geopolymer pre-mix concrete









Scope: Reinforced Drainage and Sewerage Pipe, Melbourne, Kilmore, Australia **Started** in 2012





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Sewerage Pipe Project at Werribee, February 2015









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Portland Cement versus Geopolymer

- Hydrated Portland cement
 - Silica chains ("dreierketten")
 - Break two Si-O-Si bonds to remove a silicon atom
 - Bound water of hydration
- Geopolymer

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- Highly crosslinked gel structure (pseudo-zeolitic)
- Break four Si-O-(Si,AI) bonds to remove Si or AI
- Little chemically bound water

C-S-H image from: I.G. Richardson, Cement and Concrete Research, 2004, 34(9): 1733-1777.





Cross-Linked Substituted Tobermorite Model (CSTM) (Provis & Myers, Sheffield)





I. García-Lodeiro, A. Palomo, A. Fernández-Jiménez, D.E. Macphee, Cement & Concrete Research, 2011, 41(9):923-931

Structural performance testing











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Beam test: Strength at 800KN





Middle of the Bolted steel-AAC beam

Geopolymer concrete cracked in the middle but not further

No explosion as in usual cement based concrete



50cm from the middle of the Bolted steel-AAC beam

> Good ductile behaviour of the geopolymer concrete in bending









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